L 14302-65

ACC NR: AT6003892

of a consonant upon the earlier steps to produce a single record summarizing the whole process. The "signatures" of different sounds obtained by this method are often similar. Dynamic palatography shows this similarity to be an artifact, since it does not reflect the all-important time relationships of the steps in the complex process of speech sound formation.

Dynamic palatography may also provide useful materials for psychophysical study by making it possible to discover the boundaries of natural
articulatory segmentation of running speech. In cases where not merely
the combination of features present, but their time sequence as well, is
of the essence, logical processing of signals must rely on a device capable
of performing segmentation automatically. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

[ATD PRESS: 4091-F]

SUB CODE: 09, 02, 05 / SUEM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 011 / OTH REF: 003

60

Card 4/4

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030

KUZ'MIK, YU. L.

"Sulphonation reactions. XVII. Equilibrium between p-dichlorobenzene sulphonic acid and its chloranhydride." Spryskov, A. A. and <u>Kuz'min. Yu. L.</u> (p. 1887)

SO: Journal of General Chemistry (Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii) 1951, Vol 21, No 10.

SOV/124-58-7-7801 D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 7, p 70 (USSR)

Kuz'min, Yu.M. AUTHOR:

Experimental Investigation of Screen Filters for Industrial TITLE: Water Supply of Naval Bases. (Investigation of the Flow of a

Homogeneous Liquid Through Screen Filters) [Eksperimental'noye issledovaniye setchatykh fil'trov dlya tekhnicheskogo vodosnabzheniya voyenno-morskikh baz. (Issledovaniye setcha-

tykh fil'trov pri dvizhenii odnorodnov zhidkosti)]

Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the de-ABSTRACT:

gree of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Vyssh. inzh.-tekhn. krasnoznam. uchshche (Technical and Engineering College, decorated with the order of the red banner)

Leningrad, 1957

ASSOCIATION: Vyssh. inzh.-techn. krasnoznam. uch-shche, (Technical and

Engineering College, decorated with the order of the red banner),

Leningrad

1. Water filters--Analysis 2. Naval shore establishments--Water

supply

Card 1/1

ANISTMOV, G.M.; GALYAMICHEW, W.A.; GOL'DBERG, A.M.; DRAKE, A.D.; KUZ MIH, Yu.M.; LYSOCHENKO, A.A.; MAGIROVSKIY, N.P.; FEDOSEYEV, O.V.

> Studying the operational conditions of the TDT-55 timber-skidding tractor. Trakt. i sel'khozmash. no.11:1-4 N '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

1. Kafedra tyagovykh mashin Lesotekhnicheskoy akademii imeni Kirova (for Anisimov, Galyamichev, Gol'berg, Drake). 2. Onezhskiy traktornyy zavod (for Kuz'min, Lysochenko, Magirovskiy, Fedoseyev).

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030(APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

S/148/60/000/003/009/018 A161/A029

Kuz min, Yu.M.; Novikov, I.N.; Rogel berg, I.L. AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Changes of Mosaic Block Dimensions in Cold-Rolled Nickel in Annealing

Card 1/3

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. - Chernaya metallurgiya,

1960, No. 3. pp 96 - 99

An investigation is described, in which the mean size of mosaic TEXT: blocks of cold-rolled polycrystalline nickel was measured roentgenographically after annealing at different temperatures. Nickel (99.05 Ni) was remelted and deoxidized by carbon. The composition of obtained ingots was: 0.1%C; 0.022% Fe; 0.003% Cu; 0.001% Mg; 0.004% Si, and below 0.001% Pb, Sn, Sb and Bi (remainder nickel). The ingots were rolled hot, then cold, to 0.8 mm; annealed in salt bath: the surface pickled in undiluted nitric acid. Roentgenograms were made in a KPOC-1 (KROS-1) inverse camera, in copper radiation, with 30-kv voltage on the tube and 10-ma current. Two 0.8 mm diameter diaphragms spaced 40 mm were used to reduce the line width, and a nickel specimen annealed at 700°C was employed for reference; the roentgenograms were photometered with a M\$\phi_4\$ (MF-4) photometer. The mean mosaic block size was determined by harmonic analysis of the shape of the

S/148/60/000/003/009/018 A161/A029

Changes of Mosaic Block Dimensions in Cold-Rolled Nickel in Annealing

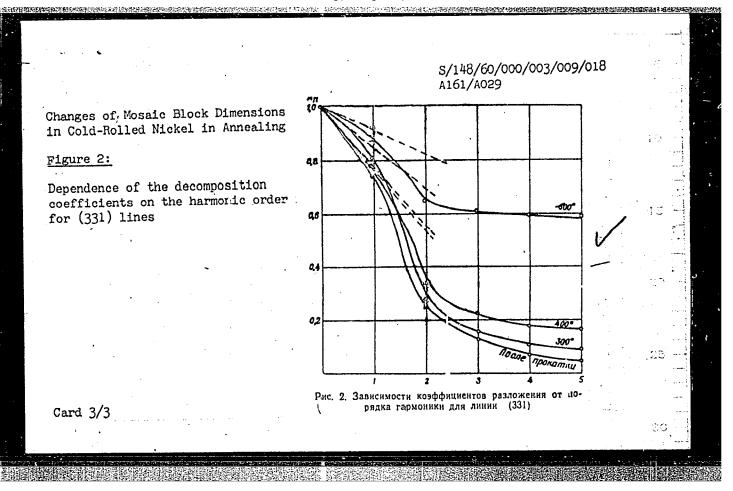
curve (Ref. 8). The results of the harmonic analysis of one measurement series is shown (in Fig. 2) in the form of decomposition coefficients An from the harmonic order n. The mean block size at different temperatures of annealing was found by the tangent of the incline angle of the tangents at n=0, and (as seen from the figure) was 0.23; 0.15; 0.22 and 0.09 in the state after rolling, and after annealing at 300, 400, and 600°C. A dependence with three periods was found: a considerable growth of blocks up to 300°C; a decrease at 400 and 500°C; a rapid growth from 500°C up. The recrystallization point of the studied nickel is 505°C. The peculiar decrease is most probably caused by the polygonization phenomenon (Ref. 7). There are 3 figures and 9 references: 3 Soviet, 4 English, 1 German, 1 French.

ASSOCIATION: Krasnoyarskiy institut tsvetnykh metallov (Krasnoyarsk Institute of

Nonferrous Metals)

SUBMITTED: April 16, 1959

Card 2/3



EWT(d)/EWT(1)/EPF(n)-2/EWA(1) LIP(c) UR/0057/66/036/002/0230/0238 23103-66 ACC NR: AP6007069 AUTHOR: Kuz'min, Yu.N. ORG: Leningrad Polytechnic Institute im. M.I. Kalinin (Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut) TITLE: Some axially symmetric problems with mixed boundary conditions in the theory of heat conductivity zi, 此行 SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no.2, 1966, 230-238 TOPIC TAGS: mathematic method, integral equation, Fredholm equation, integrodifferential equation, heat conduction, mixed boundary value problem ABSTRACT: Most of this paper is devoted to a discussion of the solution of coupled integral equations of the type $\lambda^{\bullet}[1+g(\lambda)]M(\lambda)\int_{0}(\lambda\rho)d\lambda = f(\rho), \quad \rho < 1;$ $\int_{0}^{\infty}M(\lambda)\int_{0}(\lambda\rho)d\lambda = 0, \quad \rho > 1.$ in which $J_{\rm O}$ is the usual Bessel function, f and g are known functions, s is an integer, and M is the unknown function. Such a pair of integral equations can be reduced to a UDC: 536.21 Card 1/2

Fredholm integral e	quation of the good to	7 an annual de			
anknown function.	In the present paper the subs	2010001011		is	
		*6.	$\int\limits_{0}^{\varphi} \varphi(t) \sin \lambda t dt$		
eartially integrated conditions on the name he general technique ntegral equations	Itly different one, depending in integral equation an integral; this integration affords to unknown function $\varphi(t)$, while is illustrated by derivation several axially symmetric activity, in which the value	the possibility of the somewhat simple on of the kernels	quation must imposing if the first t	st be auxiliary Inal result. redholm	
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L 45984-66 EWT(1) WW ACC NR: AP6028603

SOURCE CODE: UR/0057/66/036/008/1333/1338

AUTHOR: Kuz'min, Yu.N.

63

В

ORG: Leningrad Polytechnic Institute im. M.I. Kalinin (Leningradskiy politekhnicheskiy institut)

TITLE: A two-dimensional problem with mixed boundary conditions in the theory of heat conduction in a slab

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no. 8, 1966, 1333-1338

TOPIC TAGS: mathematic method, mathematic physics, Laplace equation, Fredholm equation, mixed boundary value problem, heat conduction,

ABSTRACT: The author discusses the problem of calculating the steady state temperature distribution in the slab 0 < y < L (x, y, and z are rectangular coordinates) when the temperature has a given constant value on the face y = L and different mixed boundary conditions of the third kind are imposed in the regions |x| < 1 and |x| > 1 of the face y = 0. The problem is reduced by means of Fourier sine and cosine transformations to the solution of two sets of paired integral equations for the Fourier transforms of the even and odd parts of the temperature, the two equations of each pair being valid for different ranges of x. With the aid of Fourier-Bessel transformations, the two integral equations of each pair are reduced to a single regular Fredholm integral equation of the second kind. The temperature distribution on the

Card 1/2

UDC: 536.2.01

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030

ACC NR: AP602860	3					
Cace y = 0 can be of tions without inve- nolm equations for across the region the incomplete ell- 14 formulas.	rting the Fouri the special co	er-Bessel to use when L is case v = 0 as	ransformation. s infinite and re expressed i	there there n close	is no heat in to	low orms of
SUB CODE: /2, 20	SUBM DATE:	24 Jun65	ORIG. REF:	001	oth ref:	001
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Card 2/2 pb						1

STRAKHOV, V.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; GISIN, I.B., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KUZ'MIN, Yu.N.; TOMBAYEV, N.I.; SHUVALOVA, N.S., nauchnyy red.; ZORINA, G.V., red.; KOVAL'SKAYA, I.F., tekhn. red.

[Modern equipment for making creamery butter]Sovremennoe obcrudovanie dlia proizvodstva slivochnogo masla. Moskva, TSentr. in-t nauchno-tekhn. informatsii mashinostraenia, 1962. 55 p. (MIRA 16:4)

是是是我们的一个人,我们也是我们的一个人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是这些人,我们也是不是我们的人,我们也是我们的人,我们就是 第一个人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人

> (Food machinery—Design and construction) (Creameries—Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

STRAKHOV, V.V.; GIS N, L.H.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.H.; TOMBAYEV, N.I.; DEENDER, E.G.

[Continuous production of creamery butter using the vacuum butter-fermation method] Potochnoe proizvodstvo slivochnogo masla s primeneniem vakuum-masloobrazovaniia. Moskva, TSentr. in-t naudhno-tekhn. informatsii pishchevoi promyshl., 1964. 29 p. (MIRA 18:5)

SOV/112-57-5-9815

· 8 (6)

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 5, p 25 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dobkin, G. I., Kuz'min, Yu. P.

TITLE: Reducing Per-Unit Electric-Energy Consumption for Pulverizing the Milled Peat in Shaft-Mill Outfits (Umen'sheniye udel'nogo raskhoda elektro-energii pri razmole frezernogo torfa v shakhtno-mel'nichnykh ustanovkakh)

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauch. rabot. Belorus. politekhn. in-t, 1956, Nr 53, pp 116-128

ABSTRACT: Per-unit electric-energy consumption for pulverizing hard fuel depends on its mechanical properties, pulverization fineness, and moisture content. High content of volatile substances in the peat, amounting to 70%, permits a coarse peat pulverization before feeding it into chamber-type furnaces. Pulverization of the milled peat in shaft-type pulverizers has gained wide usage. Per-unit energy consumption may be further reduced by increasing the speed of the air-and-peat mixture in the shaft from the conventional

Card 1/2

SOV/112-57-5-9815

Reducing Per-Unit Electric-Energy Consumption for Pulverizing the Milled

3.0-3.5 m/sec to 5.5-6.0 m/sec without increasing the unburned losses. With such a speed, small fractions (under 1 mm) of the milled peat are fanned off; they constitute about 50% of the total amount of the fuel and can be burned effectively without any pulverization. As a result, the actual pulverizer productivity is decreased, which reduces the per-unit energy consumption for pulverizing. Fanning off the fine fractions of the milled peat can be accomplished by a higher placement of the fuel inlet in the separation shaft or by feeding the fuel into an auxiliary shaft adjacent to the principal one. The second method is to be preferred because the auxiliary shaft functions as a drying stack. After the steps toward fanning off the fine fractions are taken, the shaft-pulverizer furnaces will become more reliable and economical installations for milled-peat burning.

I.M.P.

Card 2/2

112-1-188

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957,

Nr 1, p.27 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Kuz'min, Yu.P.

TITLE:

Some Results of the Investigation of the Process of Pulverizing Crumbled Peat by Use of Tensile Forces (Nekotoryye rezul'taty issledovaniya protsessa izmel'-cheniya frezernogo torfa pri primenenii razryvayushchikh

usiliy)

PERIODICAL: Sbornik nauch rabot. Belorus. politekhn.in-t, 1956,

Nr 53, pp.129-140

The process of pulverizing crumbled peat with the sudden ABSTRACT:

expansion of a stream of steam-heat during its passage through the pulverizing nozzle is investigated. Disrupting forces which emerge with the sudden expansion

Card 1/2

of the steam enclosed in the peat pores are utilized as

Some Results of the Investigation of the Process of Pulverizing (Cont.)

the deforming stresses. Of all the factors influencing the pulverizing process and the drying of crumbled peat, such as the steam parameters, the duration of the preliminary processing of peat with superheated steam, the concentration of fuel in the steam-heating stream and the rapidity of its expansion, the sudden expansion of the steam-heating stream appears to be the essential factor and the others play a subsidiary role. The specific steam consumption for pulverizing and drying the crumbled peat amounts to 0.180 to 0.200 kg of steam per 1 kg of peat. The finished dust has a sufficient fineness characterized by R88=70 to 85% with a lowering of the moisture content by 4 to 10%. The wear of the pulverizing nozzles lies within the limits of 6 to 10 grams per 1 ton of pulverized peat. The pulverization method studied permits putting into practice an open cycle system of preparation of pulverized peat which permits raising the efficiency of the boiler units.

Card 2/2

I.M.P.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030(

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

Curimin, Ju.

SUBJECT:

USSR/Welding

135-2-7/12

AUTHORS:

Chesnokov, A.S., Candidate, of Technical Sciences, and

Kuz'min, Yu.P., Engineer.

TITLE:

Semi-automatic arc-welding with magnetized flux. (Poluavtomaticheskaya dugovaya svarka s namagnichivayushchimsya flyusom).

PERIODICAL:

"Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo", 1957, # 2, pp 21-23 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The technology of semi-automatic welding with open arc and magnetized flux had been proposed in 1950 by A.I. Khodzhayev who had been granted an author's certificate in 1955, but the practical use of the process in industry was delayed by the absence of magnetic flux and a special holder. In 1956, the central research laboratory for steel constructions of the State Polytechnical Institute (FNN), "Proektstal'konstruktsiya", developed a magnetizable flux and designed a flux holder with a special magnetic head for use in the welding holder AU-5

which is used in semi-automatic welding.

The magnetic head is funnel-shaped and comprises a circular constant magnet with a central bore through which pass the welding wire and the flux. The magnet attracts the flux and

Card 1/3

TITLE:

Semi-automatic arc-welding with magnetized flux. (Poluavtomaticheskaya dugovaya svarka s namagnichivayushchimsya flyusom).

135-2-7/12

prevents it from spilling in idle intervals, but it is too weak to hold the flux against the strong magnetic field which builds up around the wire when the electric current passes through it. The flux sticks to the wire, and the wire runs out the bore together with the flux, the quantity of which can be controlled by choosing a bush with the proper bore diameter. As material for the constant magnet can be used the alloy "Al'nisi" ("AMBHICN") which demagnetizes at 700°C.

The Central Research Laboratory of Soviet Union (QHMARC) has developed ceramic fluxes \$\phi_{MK}\$-1 and \$\phi_{MK}\$-2 containing powdered iron and therefore magnetizable. The slag-system of these fluxes is built on a base of marble, feldspar, silicon earth, and ferro-alloys; they are destined for welding steelCT-3, with d.c. of inverse polarity. Welding the same stock with a.c. requires stabilizing components in the flux, and the flux is then to be mixed containing a compound of sodium glass and potassium glass solutions. The production of magnetizable flux is similar to the production of common flux, except for granulation, and is possible at any industrial plant possessing an electrode workshop. There is no special equipment for granulation yet developed; granulation is performed by manual rubbing of

Card 2/3

TITLE:

Semi-automatic arc-welding with magnetized flux. (Poluavtomaticheskaya dugovaya svarka s namagnichivayushchimsya flyusom). slightly dried flux through a wire strainer. 135-2-7/12

The process is recommended for testing and subsequent introduction in welding steel constructions. The advantages of the process are: the visibility of work faces being welded is possible, since in this case welding is performed with an open aro; no loss of flux; estimated increase in productivity 30-33% as compared with semi-automatic welding under flux, and 55-56% as compared with welding by hand with electrodes LM -7C.

The article contains 1 drawing, 1 photograph, 2 tables.

INSTITUTION: BHUNGCO(VNIIESO)

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

AVAILABLE: At the Library of Congress

Card 3/3

SOV/137-59-1-702

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 1, p 95 (USSR)

Kuz'min, Yu. P., Chesnokov, A.S. AUTHORS:

Semiautomatic Welding With Magnetizable Flux (Poluavtomaticheskaya TITLE:

svarka s namagnichivayushchimsya flyusom)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Materialy po stal'n. konstruktsiyam. Vol 2. Moscow, 1958, pp 186-194

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a welding (W) method in which a special powdered magnetic flux (F) is attracted to a current-carrying welding wire, thus producing on it a coating comparable to that found on high-grade electrodes. The authors developed a reliable, light-weight welding accessory (A). It consists of a hopper on the end of which a permanent ring-shaped magnet made of an "Alnisi" or a "Magnico" alloy is mounted. The welding wire passes through the gap of the magnet. The magnet controls the amount of F supplied during W and shuts off the flow of the F whenever the arc is idle. The A described is attached in place of the holder onto the conduit of a semiautomatic PSh-5 welder. The composition of the F's FMK-3 and FMK-NL,

developed for W of steels St 3 and NL-2 respectively, is described. Card 1/2

SOV/137-59-1-702

Semiautomatic Welding With Magnetizable Flux

The technology of preparation of the magnetic F's is analogous to the technology of manufacture of ceramic F's. The F's ensure satisfactory weld formation, the average mechanical properties of metal deposited being as follows: FMK-3: σ_b =49.6 kg/mm²; δ =28.4%; a_k =14.7 kgm/cm²; FMK-NL: σ_b =53.3 kg/mm²; δ =29%; a_k =21.8 kgm/cm². Welding procedures recommended for various types of weldments are presented. It is pointed out that the employment of magnetic F's increases the productivity of manual and semi-automatic submerged-arc W operations by 50-60 and 25-30% respectively.

A. M.

Card 2/2

RUTSKIY, A.I.; LEONKOV, A.M.; GEYLMR, L.B.; SLEPYAN, Ya.Yu.; MOSEYEV, I.V.; SOBOLEV, A.I.; TINYAKOV, N.A.; VOLKOV, N.P.; BOTVINNIK, Ya.Ya.; BARABANOV, M.Ye.; BRAZGOVKA, V.A.; PEKMLIS, G.B.; KUZOVNIKOVA, Ye.A.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.P.; SHIMKO, N.I.; PALLADIY, N.L.; KHUTSKIY, G.I.

G.I. Dobkin; obituary. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. no.4:128 Ap 158. (Dobkin, Grigorii Izrailevich, 1892-1958) (MIRA 11:6)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

KUZ'MIN, Yu.P., inzh.; SHINKO, N.I., inzh.

Present-day conditions and the prospects for the future development of furnace installations. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ.3 no. 7:146-152 J1 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Belorusskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Electric power production)
(Furnaces)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

1.2300 1573

S/125/61/000/012/007/008 D040/D112

AUTHORS:

Malyshev, B.D., Kuz'min; Yu. P.

TITLE:

Semiautomatic welding with combined flux-and-gas shielding

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 12, 1961, 68-72

TEXT: The authors describe an investigation of magnetic-flux gas-shielded welding carried out in 1960 at the "Proyektstal'konstruktsiya" Institute, in which welded joints with satisfactory mechanical properties were obtained in 7.1-4 (SKhL-4) and 6.1.4 (St.4) steel plates, 3, 5, 10 and 14 mm thick. The article contains a detailed description of the special electrode holder (Fig. 1) designed for the experiments, the flux composition, and the welding process. The holder contains two microswitches in the handle for controlling the feed of welding wire and CO₂; a current-conducting pipe (4) with a tip (5), and a flux-feed pipe (6) in the casing. A gas-feed pipe (7) on the top of the casing is brazed into the nozzle (3). The nozzle consists of a gas chamber (8) and a flux-holding bush (9) with a permanent magnet (10) made of "alnisi", "alnico", or "magnico" alloy. The welding wire passes through a bore in the center of the magnet: the magnetic flux sticks to the wire at

Card 1/7

Semiautomatic welding with ...

S/125/61/000/012/007/008 D040/D112

the moment of welding. The flux-holding bush ends in a calibrated aperture regulating the feed of flux into the arc. The flux is supplied from a flux feeder (Fig. 2) mounted on the wire feed mechanism of the \$\partial \textstyle{\Pi} \) 500 (PDSh-500) semiautomatic welder. The flux is forced into the holder by compressed air or \$CO_2\$ from a container with a pressure of 0.8 to 1.2 gage atmospheres. The arc is shielded with \$CO_2\$, which is fed from an annular gas chamber in the casing of the holder. The gas is fed into the chamber through a heater, a reducer, a dryer and a magnetic gas valve on the control board of the semiautomatic welder. The flux chosen for the experiments had the following composition: 9% marble, 15% fluorite, 13% cryolite, 14% marshalite, 20% rutile, 7% ferromanganese, 2% ferrosilicon, 20% powder iron. Soda glass of 1.25-1.30 density and 0.6-0.8 mm grain size was used as a binder (15% of the weight of the dry mixture). The best results were obtained with:

welding wire diameter, mm ... 1.2 1.6 2.0 calibrated aperture diameter, mm 2.4 3.2 4.5, and a flux quantity equal to 0.35 to 0.4 of the weight of deposited weld metal.

Card 2///

S/125/61/000/012/007/003 D040/D112

Semiautomatic welding with ...

With these parameters the shape of the welds and the slag separation were the same as in welding with **YOHUM-**13/45 (UONII-13/45), **YN** 2**HUMB** UP2 NIINV) and other similar electrodes. High productivity was achieved under the following conditions for butt and T-joints (Tables 1 and 2 respectively):

Table 1:

Metal thickness, mm	Edges	Welding current, amp.	Voltage, v	Wire feed, m/hr	Gas volume, liter/hr	
3	Without bevelling	260-280	28-30	250	8	
5	ditto	300-320	30-32	306	8	
10	V - shaped	300-320	30-32	306	8	V
14	ditto	300-320	30-32	306	8	įχ

Card 3//

S/125/61/000/012/007/008 D040/D112

Semiautomatic welding with ...

Table 2:

Weld cathetus,	Welding current, amp.	Voltage, v	Wire feed, m/hr	Welding speed, m/hr	Gas volume, liter/hr
4	200-240	26-28	191	23 - 25	8
6	300-320	30 - 32	306	13 - 15	8
8	320-340	32-34	306	10 - 12	8
0.0	320-340	32-34	306	7 - 9	8

In the case of vertical joints, the new welding method should be carried out from top to bottom and without vibratory movements, and is recommended for thin metal only; when carried out from bottom to top, it is not much faster than manual welding, requires skilled operators, and is very tiring. However, the productivity of the method in downhand welding was found to be approximately double that of manual welding with UONII-13/45 electrodes.

Card 4/16

S/125/61/000/012/007/008 D040/D112

Semiautomatic welding with ...

The recommended conditions for vertical welding are (Table 3):

Metal thickness,	Edges	Gap width, mm	Welding current, amp	Voltage, v	Wire feed, m/hr	Gas volume, liter/hr
3 5 10 14	Without bevelling ditto V - shaped ditto	1.5 2 2 2	130-140 130-140 110-120 110-120	20-22 20-22 22-24 22-24	191 191 156 156	8 8 8

A.S. Chesnokov, N.N. Belous, A.V. Rudchenko and N.Ye. Kurashin also took part in the work. There are 3 figures, 4 tables and 8 references: 6 Soviet and 2 non-Soviet-bloc. The two references to English-language publications read as follows: B.N. Davis and B.T. Telford, Manual Magnetic-Flux Gas-Shielded Arc Welding of Mild Steel, "Welding Journal", No. 5, 1957; A.F. Choninard and B.P. Monrol, A New CO₂ Welding Process, "Welding Journal",

Card 5/7

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030

31442

Semiautomatic welding with ...

S/125/61/000/012/007/008 D040/D112

No. 11, 1957.

ASSOCIATION: "Proyektstal'konstruktsiya"

SUBMITTED:

July 21, 1961.

Card 5/1/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030(

· s/135/62/000/012/010/015 A006/A101

AUTHORS:

Chesnokov, A. S., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Kuz'min, YU. P.,

Engineer

TITLE:

The effect of gas-electric cutting upon the properties of aluminum

alloys

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 12, 1962, 25 - 28

The investigation was made at the "Proyektstal konstruktsiya" Institute with 20 mm thick plates of aluminum alloys ABT 1 (AVT1) AJ 35 (AD35) B 92 (V92) AUM (ATSM) and AMr 6 (AMg6). The specimens were cut on a PUM -1-60 (RDM-1-60) cutter, redesigned by VNIIAVTOGEN. As the tungsten electrode was placed inside a water-cooled nozzle, the arc was excited by means of an auxiliary arc between the tungsten electrode and the nozzle wall. The gas mixture contained 65% argon and 35% hydrogen. Cutting conditions were: 300 amps current; 1.6 m/min cutting speed; 1.3 m3/h total gas consumption; hydrogen content in the gas mixture - 20%; distance between the nozzle and the metal surface - 7 mm. The effect of the thermal cycle upon the strength and hardness of the alloys was tested and

Card 1/2

The effect of gas-electric cutting upon...

3/135/62/000/012/010/015 A006/A101

the following results were obtained. The thermal cycle of gas-electric cutting reduces the strength of alloys in the zone adjacent to the cutting edge. The degree of reduction of the mechanical properties in the heat-affected zone depends upon the alloy grade. When aluminum alloy structures are produced with use of gas-electric cutting, the reduced-strength-zone must be removed by planing, or must be taken into consideration in the calculations. The magnitude of the heat-affected zone under the described conditions can be considered as follows: 10 - 12 mm for alloy AVT1, 8 - 10 mm for AD35, 10 - 12 mm for ATSM;

ASSOCIATION: "Proyektstal konstruktsiya"

Card 2/2

GLADSHTEYN, L.I., inzh.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.P., inzh.

Weldability of hardened low-alloy structural steel. Svar. proizv. no.7:4-7 J1 163. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu, issledovaniyu i ispytaniyu stal'nykh konstruktsiy i mostov.

KOVALENKO, I.I., inzh.; L'VOVSKIY, Ya.L., inzh.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.P., inzh.-

Semiautomatic welding with a magnetized flux. Svar. proizv. no.11:31-32 N'63. (MIRA 17:5)

l. Makeyevskiy zavod metallokonstruktsiy i Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu, issledovaniyu i ispytaniyu stal'nykh konstruktsiy i mostov "Proyektstal'konstruktsiya".

PANICHEV, A.D.; KALASHNIKOV, A.P.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.S.; NOSOV, Yu.A.;
DEMIDOV, G.K.

Setting of a continuous tread strip in extruding. Kauch. 1
rez. 20 no.8:40-44 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Yaroslavskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut i Yaroslavskiy shinnyy zavod. (Tires, Rubber)

PANICHEV, A.D.; KALASHNIKOV, A.P.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.S.; DEMIDOV, G.K.; NOSOV, Yu.A.

Shrinkage of treads. Kauch. i rez. 20 no.12:48-49 D '61.
(MIRA_15:1)

1. Yaroslavskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut i Yaroslavskiy shinnyy savod.

(IAroslavl.—Tires, Rubber)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030

AMINEVA, V.A., ordinator, kand.med.nauk; KUZ'MIN, Yu.S., ordinator, kand.med.nauk

Congenital diseases of the rectum. Elem.prokt. no.2:141-143

'60. (RECTUM.—DISEASES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

AMINEV, A.M., prof.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.S., ordinator

Treatment of insufficiency of the rectal sphincter in children by A.IA. Bukhanov's method. Elem.prokt. no.28147-149 60.

(MIRA 14:11)

(FECKS-INCONTINENCE) (SPHINCTER ANI)

KUZ'MIN, Yu.S.

Evaluation of the operation of cuneiform resection of the external dorsal area of the foot in congenital clubfoot, Ortop., travm. i protez. 21 no.8:16-18 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:11)

l. Iz kafedry gospital'noy khirurgii (zav.kafedroy - prof. A.M. Aminev, zav. ortopedicheskim otdeleniyem - prof. A.P.Yevstropov) Kuybyshevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(FOOT-ABNORMITIES AND DEFORMITIES)

KUDRYAVTSEV, A.B.; IRODOV, A.N.; YEMEL'YANOV, D.P.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.S.; SVETLOVA, L.V.

Application of the ultrasonic "UZG-10" generator in the cleaning of the inner tube valve surface in aqueous media. Kauch. i rez. 24 no.7:49-51 J1 '65. (MTRA 18:8)

1. Yaroslavskiy shinnyy zavod.

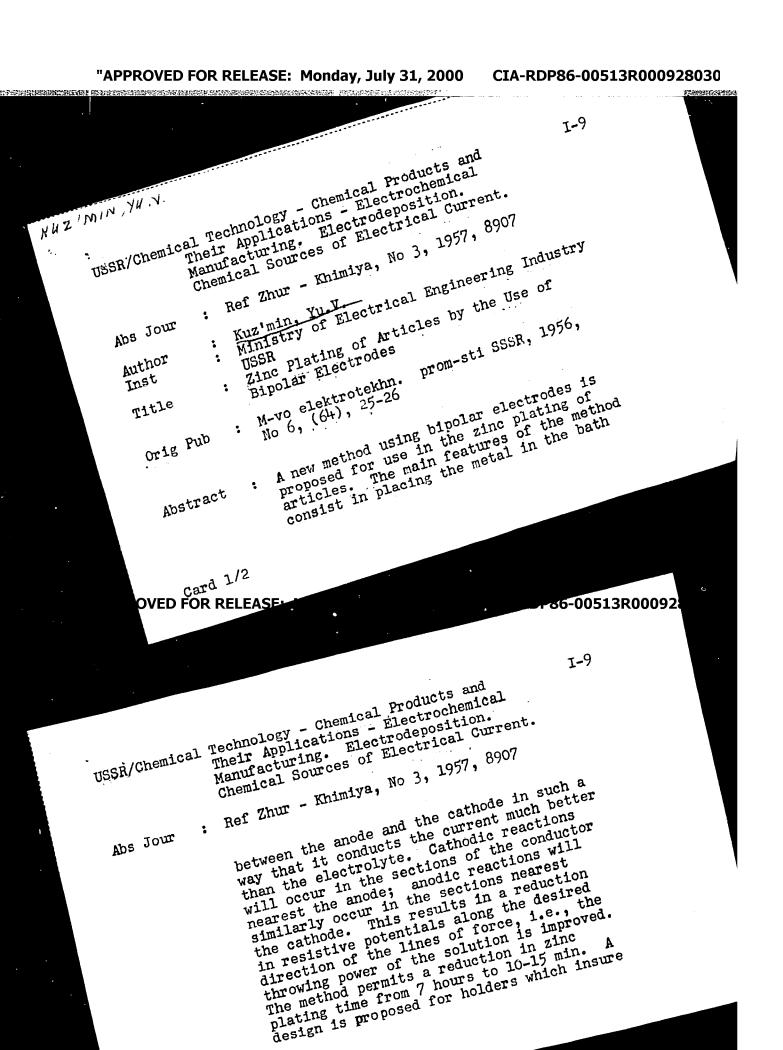
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

Mixing-sheeting rolls for the preparation and sheeting of rubber compounds. Kapuch. i rez. 24 no.9:52-54 165.

1. Yaroslavskiy shinnyy zavod.

KUZ'MIN, Yu.S.; DEMIDOV, G.K.

Mixing and sheeting rolls for preparing and sheeting rubber mix. Biul. tekh.—ekon. inform. Gos. nauch.—issl. inst. nauch. i tekh. inform. 18 no. 12:18-19 D '65 (MIRA 19:1)



USSR/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and
Their Applications Plantus and

I-9

Their Applications - Electrochemical Manufacturing. Electrodeposition. Chemical Sources of Electrical Current.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1957, 8907

the plating of the articles to be plated by the above method. In acid baths a bright finish is obtained without the formation of scratches.

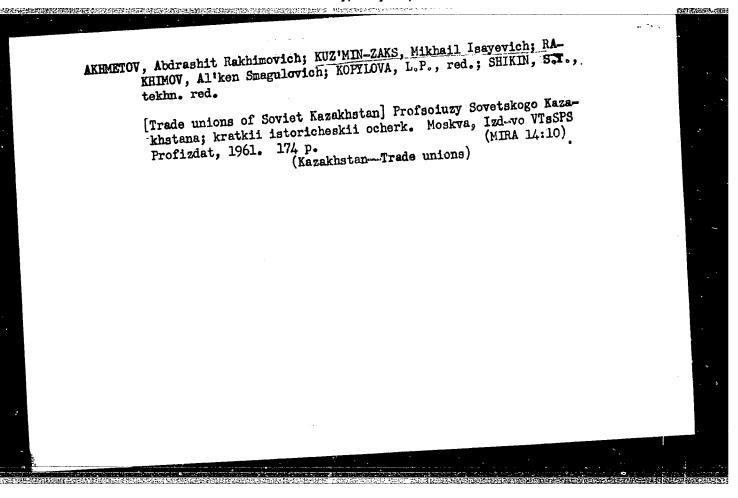
Card 3/2

-00E12D0000220

BRYUKHANOV, V.N.; KUZ'MIN, Yu.Ya.

Gas prospects in upper Pliocene sediments of the northern Caspian Sea region. Geol. nefti i gaza 4 no.5:20-26 My '60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Vsesoyusnyy aerogeologicheskiy trest.
(Caspian Sea region—Gas, Natural—Geology)



MEL'NICHENKO, A.K.; BELOUSOVA, A.G.; KUZ'MINA, A.A.; SHANINA, S.V.

Pay more attention to the study of the geographical distribution of wild medicinal plants. Apt. delo 10 no.3:14-19 My-Je '61.

(MIRA 14:7)

(BOTANY, MEDICAL)

MEL'NICHENKO, A.K.; KOROLEVA, M.G.; KUZ'MINA, A.A.; SHANINA, S.V.

Basic scientific problems in the field of pharmacy. Apt. delá. 11 no.5:3-9 S-0 '62. (MIRA 17:5)

BRAILOV, V.P. (Moskva); GORUSHKIN, V.I. (Moskva); DENISOV, V.I. (Moskva); ZAKHARIN, A.G. (Moskva); KUZ'MINA, A.A. (Moskva); POLYANSKAYA, T.M. (Moskva)

Optimization of the selection of fuels for thermal electric power plants and boiler systems in long-range planning. Izv. AN SSSR. Energ. i transp. no.4:514-524 Jl-Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

KUZ' MINA, A.D.

[Methods for the analysis and study of the activities of clinics for the prevention and therapy of tuberculosis in the Ukrainian S.S.R., according to their reports for 1949-1951] Metodika analiza i cpyt izucheniia deiatel*nosti protivotuberkuleznykh dispanserov USSR po ikh otchetam za 1949-1951. Kiev. 1954.

15 p. (UKRAINE--TUBERCULOSIS--PREVENTION)

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KUZIMIMA, A. D.

"Analysis Technique and Results of the Study of Antitubercular Dispensaries in the Ukrainian SSR according to Their Records From 17hd to 1951." Cand Med Sci, Ukrainian Sci Res Inst of Tuberculosis imeni F. G. Yanovskiy; Organization and Methods Division, L'vov State medical Inst, Kiev-L'vov, 1954. (KL, No 8, Feb 55)

SO: Sum. No. 631, 26 Aug 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Discertation Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (14)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

KOMAREVSKAYA, V.P.; KUZ'MINA, A.G.; LUZGINA, V.D.

Effectiveness of using ammonia water on collective farms of Alarskiy District. Trudy Vost.-Sib. fil. AM SSSR no.29:78-84 '59.

(MIRA 13:9)

(Alarskiy District--Fertilizers and manures)

(Ammonia)

KUZ'MINA, A.G.

Economic profitableness of producing grain and livestock products on collective farms in Bokhan District, Ust -Orda Buryat Mational Area. Trudy Vost.-Sib. fil. AN SSSR no.29:85-95 *59.

(MIRA 13:9)

(Bokhan District-Grain)
(Bokhan District-Stock and stock breeding)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030

KUPRIYANOVICH, Leonid Ivanovich; KUZ'MINA, A.I., red.; BORUNOV,
N.I., tekhn. red.

[Radio electronics in everyday life] Radioelektronika v
bytu. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1963. 31 p. (Massovaia radiobiblioteka, no.491)

(MIRA 17:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

MARIYEV, A.N., KUZ'MINA, A.I.

The epidemiology of typhus. Vop.virus. 3 no.3:170-171 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Stalingradskiy institut epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny i Gorodskoya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya.

(TYPHUS, epidemiology
(Rus))

DUBAKINA, A.V.; KUSHNAREVA, E.E.; KUZ'MINA, A.I.; TRASHCHENKO, L.I.

Epidemiology of influenza A2 according to 1957 data from Stalingrad. Vop. virus. 4 no.1:23-27 Ja-F'59. (MIRA 12:4)

DUBAKINA, A.V.; KUSHNAREVA, E.E.; KUZ'MINA, A.I.

Some data on the epidemiology and etiology of influenza during recent years in Stalingrad. Vop. virus. 5 no. 6:751-752 N-D '60. (MIRA 14:4)

(STALINGRAD-INFLUENZA)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

MUZ'MINA, A.I.; KUSHNAREVA, E.E.; PEREL'MAN, A.L.

Description of the outbreak of infleunza in Stalingrad in 1959. Vop. virus. 5 no. 6:753 N-D 160. (MIRA 14:4)

(STALINGRAD—INFLUENZA)

FERDINAND, Ya.M. (Rostov-na-Donu); Prinimali uchastiye: MARISOVA, A.P.;
BRAYNINA, R.A.; MARGULIS, L.A.; MYASNENKO, A.M.; KOVALEVSKAYA,
I.L.; TELESHEVSKAYA, E.A.; SOBOLEVA, S.V.; KALININA, K.I.;
KOVALEVA, N.S.; IVANOVA, M.K.; ARENDER, B.A.; KUCHERENKO, R.A.;
MANATSKOVA, K.S.; OLEYNIKOVA, L.T.; KIBARDINA, Yu.A.;
GRIGOR'YEVA, K.S.; SEMENIKHINA, L.G.; CHERNYKH E.I.; DCROFEYEVA,
V.M.; SHEVCHENKO, Ye.N.; ABRAMOVA, O.K.; SKUL'SKAYA, S.D.;
PETROVA, Z.I.; MAKHLINOVSKIY, L.I.; KUZ'MINA, A.I.; AL'TMAN, R.Sh.;
MARDERER, R.G.; YENGALYCHEVSKAYA, L.N.; CHIRKOVA, M.N.; TERESHCHENKO,
N.I.; SHELKOVNIKOVA, M.A.; PROKOPENKO, V.V.; BEKLEMESHEVA, Ye.D.;
BARANOVA, T.V.

Effectiveness of specific prophylaxis with alcohol divaccine against typhoid and paratyphoid B fever in school-age children. Zhur. mikrobicl., epid. i immun. 41 no.1:23-27 Ja '64.

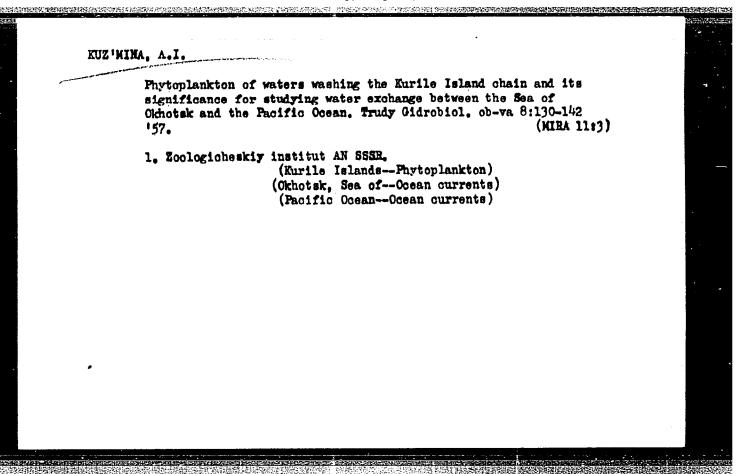
(MIRA 18:2)

PLOTNIKOVA, K.N.; Prinimali uchastiye: GORNAYA, K.A.; SHILINA, L.S.;
KUZNETSOVA, V.K.; BOGDANOVA, E.I.; BASHILOV, S.F.; TRABFR, I.G.;
KAREVA, M.V.; KUZ'MINA, A.I.

Experience in the production of lavsan-cotton blend yarn in the "Trekhgornaya Manufactura" and Kalinin Cotton Mills. Nauch.-iss. trudy TSNIKHBI za 1962 g.:166-175 '64.

(MIRA 18:8)

1. TSentral'noy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khlopchatobu-mazhnoy promyshlennosti, Moskva (for Gornaya. Shilina).
2. Kalininskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tekstil'noy promshlennosti (for Kuznetsova, Bogdanova). 3. Kalininskiy khlopchatobumazhnyy kombinat (for Bashilov), Traber). 4. Kombinat "Trekhgornaya manufaktura" (for Kareva, Kuzmina).



KUZ'MINA, A.I., Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Phytoplankton tunded of the Kurillahay gulfs as a water exchange indicator."

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150 copies (KL, 50-58, 122)

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KUZ'MINA, A.I.

Some data on the spring and summer phytoplakton in the northern Kurile area. Trudy Inst.okean. 36:215-229 '59. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Zoologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.

(Kurile Islands region—Phytoplakton)

KUZ'HINA, A.I.

A new species of Exuviaella and new form of Thalassicsira hyalina from the Kurile Straits. Bot. mat. Otd. spor. rast. 13:46-47 '60. (MIRA 13:7) (Kurile Straits--Algae)

KUZ'MINA, ALL.

Some data on the distribution of plankton in the northern part of the Greenland Sea in October and November 1957 (according to the collections of the diesel-electric ship "Lena"). Dokl. AN SSSR 134 no.5:1204-1207 O 160. (MRA 13:10)

1. Zoologicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno akademi-kom Ye.N.Pavlovskim.

(Greenland Sea-Zooplankton)

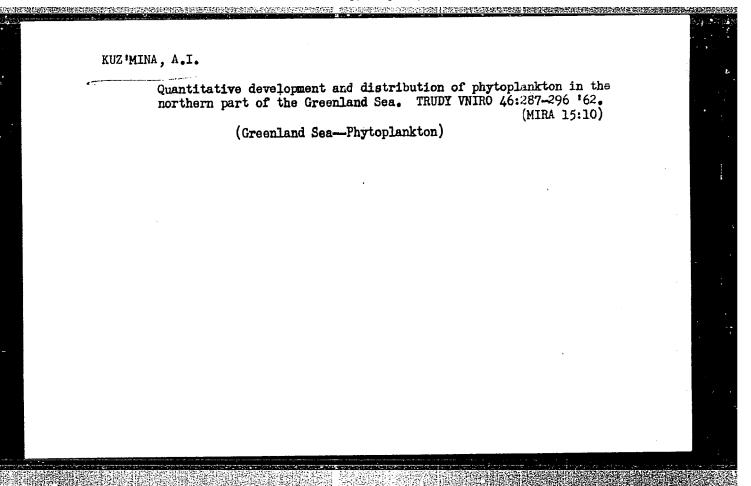
KUZ'MINA, A.I.

Phytoplankton of the Kurile Straits as an indicator of different water masses. Issl.dal'nevost.mor.SSSR no.816-90 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Zoologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.

(Murile straits—Phytoplankton)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030



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Some data on the vernal phytoplankton in the North Atlantic based on materials of the second voyage of the research vessel "Lomonosov" in 1958. Dokl. AN SSSR 144 no.5:1156-1159 Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Zoologicheskiy institut AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom Ye.N.Pavlovskim. (Atlantic Ocean—Phytoplankton) (Oceanograpi.ic research)

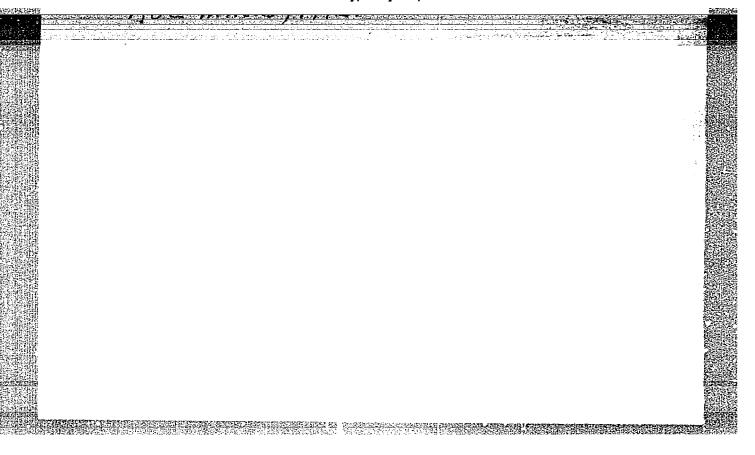
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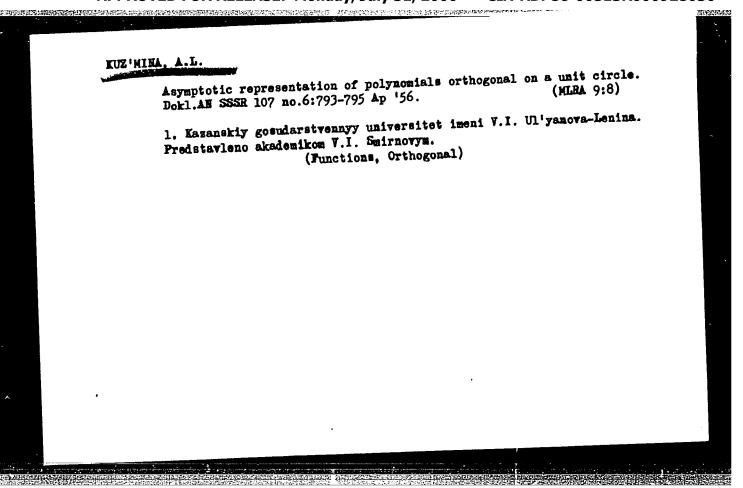
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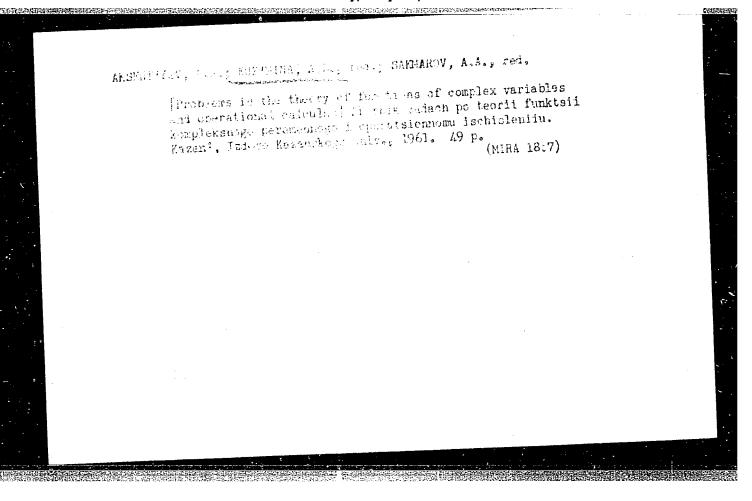
Distribution of plankton in the northern part of the Greenland Sea in October and November 1957; according to collections of the expedition on the diesel-electric "Lena." Trudy AANII 259:389-399 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

是是特殊的政治的人,但是他们的政治,但是他们的政治,但是是他们的对于,他们就是是他们的政治,但是他们的对于,但是他们的对于,他们就是他们的对于,他们就是他们的对	APPARATE CONTROL STATE OF THE S	
RUZ INIWA, A. L.	"A Class of Quasi-Analytical Functions of Many Variables," A. L. Kuz'mins "Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXXX, No 6, pp 853-856 By class C(m _R) is meant the set of all functions of region G and infinitely differentiable, and also satisfying a certain inequality at points of region G. The class C obviously coincides with the class of analytical functions. The class C is called quasi-analytical Alf for every 2 functions f and F. F in G. Similar results were obtained by P. Lelong (Compts Rendus, 232, No 12, 15 Mar 51, as was reported to the author after the completion of his paper. Submitted 12 Jul 51 by Acad S. N. Bernshteyn.	

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928030







Waing electronic computers in calculating the production plan

for machinery plants. Mekh. i avtom. proizv. 19 no.8:43-46
Ag '65. (MIRA 18:9)

KUZIMINA, A. P., YAKOVLEVA, A. V., and KOVALEVA, H. I.

"Growth Regularity of Enteric-Typhus Group Bacteria in Synthetic Cultures [paper read at an unidentified scientific conference of the institute held during the first half of 1954.] Proceeding of Ist. Epidem. and Microbiol. im. Camaleya, 1954-56.

Division of Enteric Vaccines [Kovaleva, N. I., head?], Inst. Epidem. and Microbiol. im. Gampleya. AMS USSR.

SO: Sum 1186, 11 Jan 57.

ISPOLATOVSKAYA, M.V.; BLAGOVESHCHENSKIY, V.A.; VLASOVA, Ye.V.; KUZ'MINA, A.P.

Electrophoretic and immunochemical investigations of Clostridium oedematiens anatoxin. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i imun. 30 no.1:54-48 (MIRA 12:3) Ja 158.

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.

(CLOSTRIDIUM

oedematiens anatoxin, electrophoretic & immunochemical aspects (Rus))

(Voronezh Province--Fallowing)

KUZIMINA A.P., nauchnyy sotrudnik; KRUSSER, I.F., nauchnyy sotrudnik Green fallows in Voronezh Province. Zemledelie 8 no.6:58-59 Je'60. 1. Voronezhskaya opytnaya stantsiya Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta kukuruzy.

KOVALEVA, N.I.; KUZ'MINA, A.P.

Consumption of carbohydrates and nitrogen compounds by paratyphoid B bacteria. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 40 no.6:95.99 Je '63. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Im Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.

VI.ASOVA, Ye.V.; KUZ'MINA, A.P.

Immunological characteristics of the purified and concentrated anatoxin of Clostridium sordelli. Report No. 2. Zhur.mikrobiol., epid. i imm. 41 no. 2:76-80 F 164. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.

KUZ'MINA, A.P.

Results of alloplasty in postoperative ventral hernias. Sov.med. 28 no.7:106-109 Jl *65. (MIRA 18:8)

l. Kafedra gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. A.V.Kholod) Kurskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

KUZ'MINA, A.S.

WER/ Miscellaneous - Books

1 Pub. 12 - 13/14 Card 1/1

: Kuz'mina, A. S. Authors

: Critique and bibliography Title

8 Avt. trakt. prom. 3, Inside of back page, March 1954 Periodical.

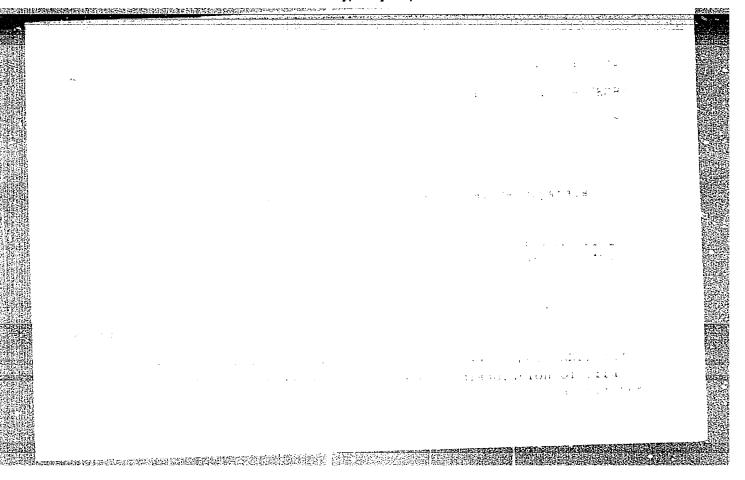
: Critical review of a book by A. P. Erokhin and I. P. Samokhin entitled, Abstract

"Mechanization and Automatization in Thermal Treatment Plants", pub-

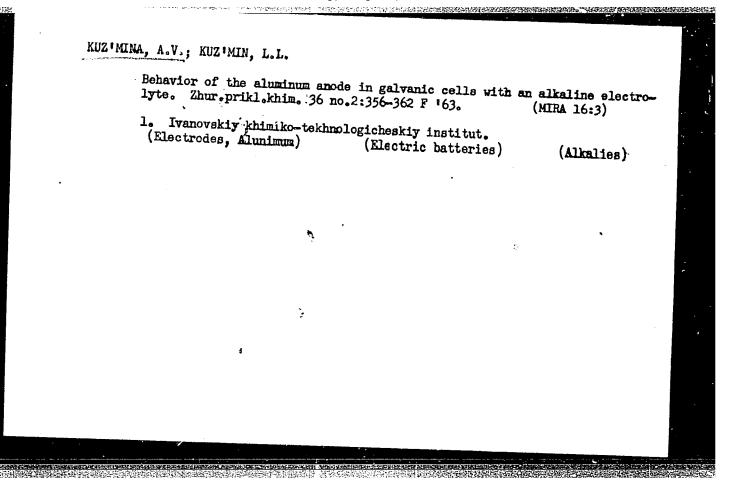
lished in 1953, is presented.

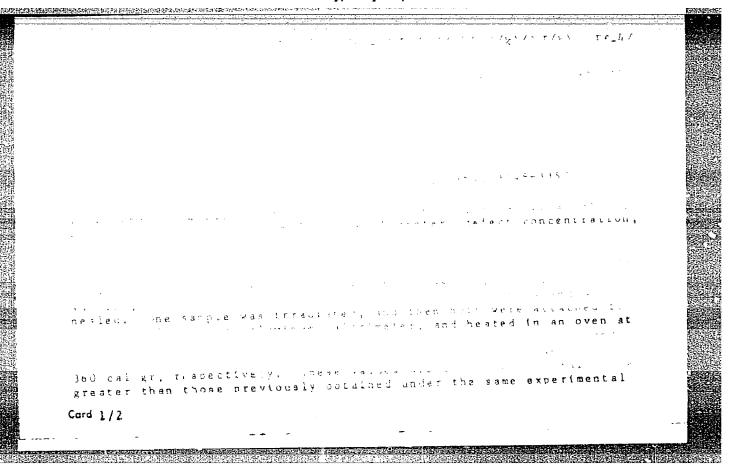
Institution : Ministry of Machine Construction, USSR

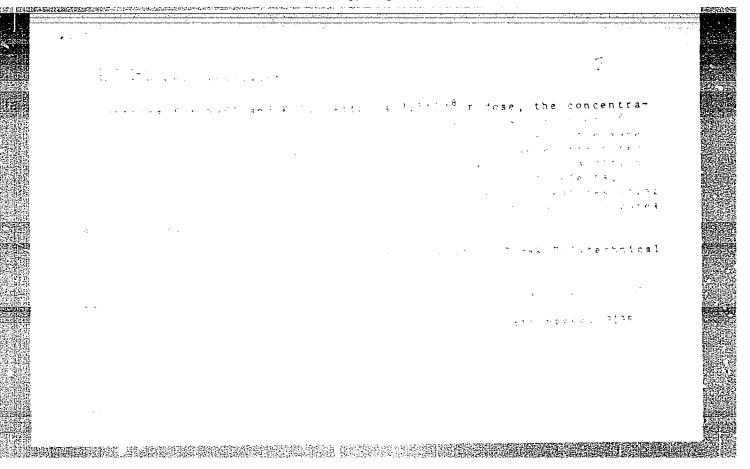
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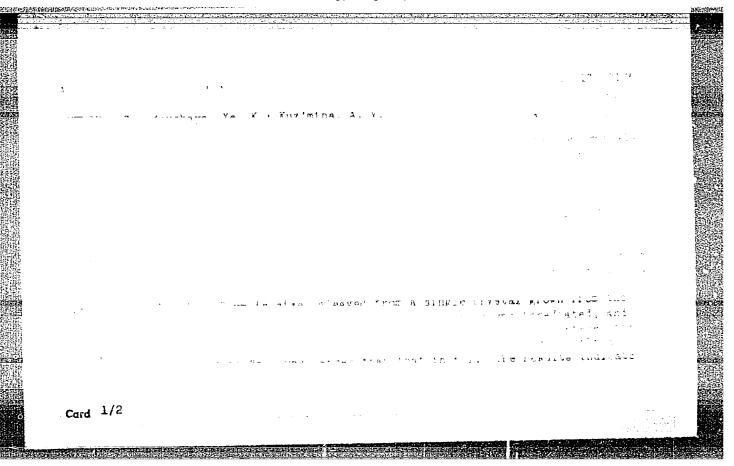


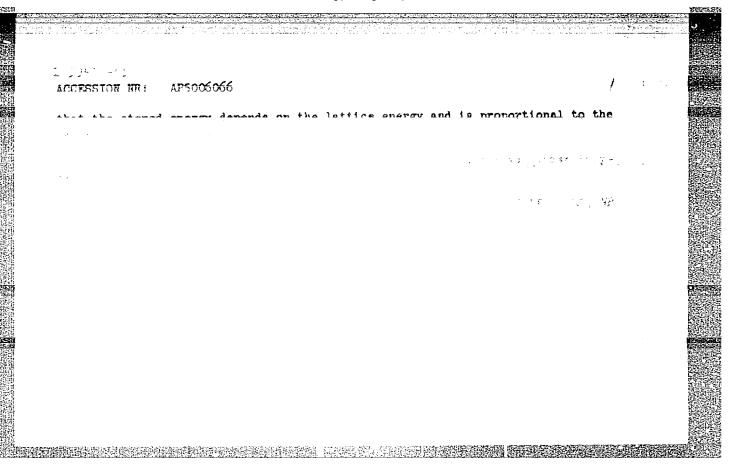
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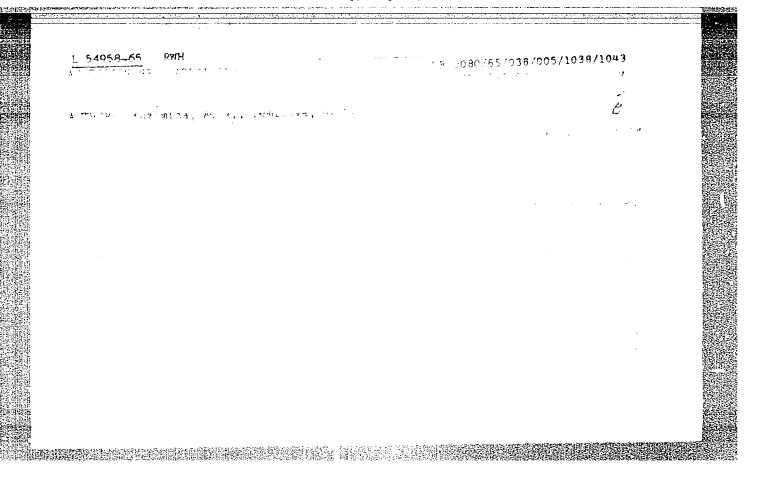


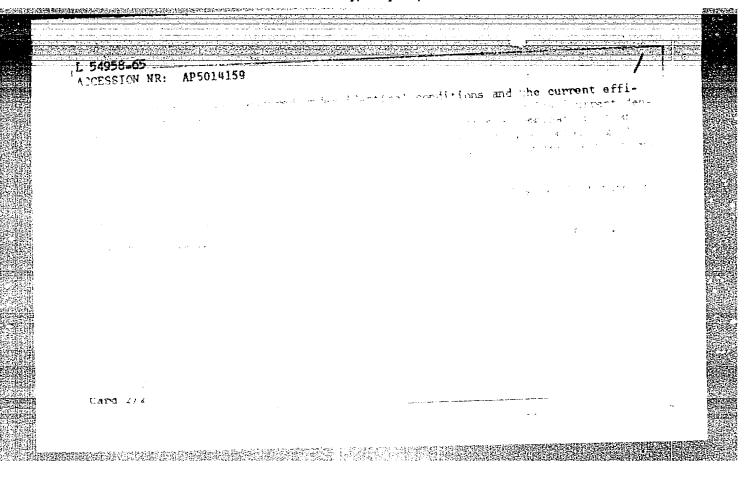


ZAVADOVSKAYA, Ye.K.; KUZ'MINA, A.V.

Value of the energy stored in crystals of the alkali halides NaCl, KCl, KBr, and KI following Y irradiation at room temperature. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz. 8 no.1:175-176 '65. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova.





KUZ'MINA, A.V.; STANKEVICH, I.A.

"Trudy" of the Avicenna Medical Institute in Stalinbad, Papers of the Department of Normal Anatomy, vol. 14, no.1, 1955, vol.25, no.2, 1957. Reviewed by A.V. Kuz'mina, I.A. Stankevich. Arkh.anat.gist, 1 embr. 36 no.2:86-88 F *59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Adres avtorov: Moskva, B-120, per. Obukha, d. 5, Institut mosga AMN SSSR.

(ANATOMY--PERIODICALS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

TARASOV, Aleksey Issarionovich. Prinimali uchastiye: KUZ'MINA, A.V.;
ZIMINA, K.I.; POLYAKOVA, A.A.; IOGANSKN, A.V.; PROLOVSKIY, P.A.;
LULOVA, N.I.. L'VOVA, L.A., vedushchiy red.; MUXHINA, E.A.,
tekhn.red.

[Gases obtained in petroleum refining and methods of their analysis] Gasy neftepererabotki i metody ikh analiza. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, 1960.

222 p. (MIRA 13:2)

(Petroleum--Refining) (Gases--Analysis)

5/204/62/002/006/007/012 E075/E192

AUTHORS:

Lulova, N.I., Tarasov, A.I., Kuzimina, A.V., and

Koroleva, N.M.

TITLE:

Chromatographic analysis of gaucous streams on the

ethylene plant

PERIODICAL: Neftekhimiya, v.2, no.6, 1962, 835-891

Analyses of liquified gases and methane and ethylene determination in the light hydrocarbon distillate, and determination of C2 hydrocarbons and propane in propane-propylene fractions were carried out using the reverse flow method in a modified chromatograph XNA-2 (KhPA-2). For the liquified gas (C3 - 40 to 60%; C4 - 20 to 40%; C5 - 10%), bost results were obtained on silica gel MCM (MSM) treated with 1.5 wt.% soda and 13% glycerine, or on Inza brick treated with 20 wt.% propylene glycol. For the light condensate silica gel ACK (ASK) treated with 0.5% soda and 2% glycerol was found to be the most satisfactory column. It separated adequately sthylene and ethane, the fuel analysis time being 4 - 4.5 min. The best column for the determination of CH4 in the propane-propylene fraction was Card 1/2

运行而分别运行分别的现在对在方法的建设的现在分词的证明的

Chromatographic analysis of gaseoun... 5/204/62/002/006/007/012 L075/B192

silica-alumina, for the determination of propane modified silica gel ASK or activated alumina, for the determination of C2 hydrocarbons activated alumina or silica-alumina. The time of analysis in all cases did not exceed 4 - 5 min. There are 5 figures and 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-iseledovatel'skiy institut po

pererabotke nefti i gaza i polucheniyu. iskusstvennogo zhidkogo topliva

(All-Union Scientific Research Institute for the Distillation of Petroleum and Gas and the Production of Synthetic Liquid Fuel)

SUBMITTED: May 22, 1962

Card 2/2

KALANTAR, N.G.; FRYAZINOV, V.V.; YEVSYUKOV, Ye.I.; EDEL'SHTEYN,

I.Ya.; BONDARENKO, M.F.; Prinimali uchastiye: MANNAPOVA, V.S.,

mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; YANGURAZOVA, D.I., mladshiy nauchnyy
sotrudnik; GABSATTAROVA, S.A., laborant; YUSUPOVA, F.S., laborant
KUZ'MINA, A.Ya., laborant

Transformer oil from the distillates of sulfur-bearing eastern crudes. Khim.i tekh.topl.i masel 5 no. 11:15-22 N '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Otdel khimii Bashkirskogo filiala AN SSSR; Novo-Ufimskiy neftepererabatyvayushchiy zavod; Ufimskiy neftyanoy institut.
2. Otdel khimii Bashkirskogo filiala AN SSSR (for Hannafova, Yangurazova, Gabsattarova, Yusupova, Kuz'mina).

(Insulating oil)

KUZ'MINA, D.A.

Processes of abstraction in studies of texts. Vop.psikhol. 5 no.6:139-149 N-D '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Penzenskiy pedagogicheskiy institut imeni V.G.Belinskogo. (Comprehension)

GAYDAMAK, S., student; SMIRNYAKOVA, G., studentka; KUZ'MINA, E., studentka; LIPOVA, R., studentka; FOMINA, T., studentka; FAYLOVA, N., studentka; KALINOVA, M., studentka; SHCHELKO, A., student; SHCHERBAKOVA, L., studentka; GUDOCHKINA, L.M.

Effect of salinity on the results of determining the specific weight of soils. Sbor. nauch. trud. Kaz GMI no.19:197-198 '60. (MIRA 15:3)

(Soils--Analysis)

SHOHENNIKOVA, M.K.; KIZIMINA, E.A.; SHOSHUNDY, Y.F.; ABAKURDY, G.A.

Catalytic decomposition of alkyl hydroperoxided studied by means of electron paramagnetic resonance. Dead. AN ESSA 161 nc.4:868-871 0 165. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Cer'kovskiy gosudarstvannyy miversitet im. N.I. Lebacheskego. Submittei Meron 19, 1965.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0009280300

A 1.7223-66 ENT(n)/ENP(v)/ENP(1)/T/ENP(t)/ENP(1)/ENP(1)/ENA(c)		
ACC NR. AP6001095 JD/NM/HM/RM SOURCE CODE: UR/0138/65/000/012/0048/00	49	
AUTHOR: Parfenteva, N. I.; Frenkel', R. Sh.; Popov, A. V.; Kuz'mina, E. A.	3	
ORG: Volga Branch of the Scientific Research Institute of the Rubber Industry (Volzhskiy fillal Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta rezinovoy promyshlennosti)		
TITLE: Bonding insulation rubber to copper 15,44,55		
SOURCE: Kauchuk i rezina, no. 12, 1965, 48-49	, d	
TOPIC TAGS: rubber to copper bonding, butyl rubber, copper, alksive, alksive sollies	0	
ABSTRACT: The authors have developed an improved method for bonding butyl rubber to copper, involving thorough cleaning of the metal surface and use of two adhesives.	- 1 .	
The copper surface is shot blasted, vent degreased, and treated at 70—80C with ultr sound in a special electrolyte bath (sulfuric acid, 500 g/l; OP-7 emulsister, 30 g/l)	.	
thiourea, 5 g/l). The washed and dryed copper surface is covered with a layer of BF phenol-formaldehyde resin which is cured at 1500 for 30 min. The resin is then coat with Leuconat adhesive. This is followed by application of freshly milled butyl ru		
ber on the copper surface and vulcanization in a press. The adhesion strength of the system varies from 19 to 40 kg/cm ² depending on ambient temperature and aging time.	07	
The shear strength is 40 to 45 kg/cm at 20C. [BO]		
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: JO2/ ATD PRESS: 4/59		di .
Card 1/1 UDC: 678.029.42		